





Download the elevation map of the terrain (Elevation.csv) from the challenge website to get started. The map is on a grid made out of cells with integer coordinates, where the robot can move from each cell (x,y) to any of its 8 neighbours, (x+a,y+b) where  $-1 \le a \le 1, -1 \le b \le 1, |a| + |b| \ge 1$ .

The robot starts from (0, 0). What is the robot's lowest cost to reach the goal position (90, 50)? Round the lowest cost to 1 decimal place.

Within the elevation map:

- The first row gives the x-coordinate scale.
- The first column gives the y-coordinate scale.
- · Other values give elevation, in meters.

The energy cost of taking a step is the sum of horizontal cost and climbing cost, where:

- Horizontal cost:  $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$
- · Climbing cost: 10 times the increase in elevation in meters (no climbing cost if going to the same or lower elevation)

## Examples:

- Taking a step from (0, 0) which has an elevation of 7.9 to (1, 1) which has an elevation of 8.5 will cost √2+6, or roughly 7.41 units.
- Taking a step from (0, 0) which has an elevation of 7.9 to (0, -1) which has an elevation of 7.5 will cost 1 unit.



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